

CONTAINS NO CBI

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90-89000244

UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

Comprehensive Assessment Information Rule

REPORTING FORM

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EPA Form 7710-52

Attention: CAIR Reporting Office

	•	SECTION 1 GENERAL MANUFACTURER, IMPORTER, AND PROCESSOR INFORMATION
PART	Α (	GENERAL REPORTING INFORMATION
1.01	Th	is Comprehensive Assessment Information Rule (CAIR) Reporting Form has been
<u>CBI</u>	con	npleted in response to the <u>Federal Register Notice of <math>[1]2</math> <math>[2]2</math> <math>[8]9</math> wear</u>
[_]	a.	If a Chemical Abstracts Service Number (CAS No.) is provided in the Federal
		Register, list the CAS No
	b.	If a chemical substance CAS No. is not provided in the <u>Federal Register</u> , list either (i) the chemical name, (ii) the mixture name, or (iii) the trade name of the chemical substance as provided in the <u>Federal Register</u> .
		(i) Chemical name as listed in the rule NA
		(ii) Name of mixture as listed in the rule
		(iii) Trade name as listed in the rule
	c.	If a chemical category is provided in the <u>Federal</u> <u>Register</u> , report the name of the category as listed in the rule, the chemical substance CAS No. you are reporting on which falls under the listed category, and the chemical name of the substance you are reporting on which falls under the listed category.
		Name of category as listed in the rule NA
		CAS No. of chemical substance
1.02	Ide	entify your reporting status under CAIR by circling the appropriate response(s).
CBI		nufacturer
[_]	Imp	oorter 2
	Pro	ocessor(3
		P manufacturer reporting for customer who is a processor
		P processor reporting for customer who is a processor
[_]	Mari	(X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.

1	Does the substance you are reporting on have an "x/p" designation associated with it in the above-listed Federal Register Notice?
( <u>CBI</u>	Yes
1.04 <u>CBI</u> [_]	a. Do you manufacture, import, or process the listed substance and distribute it under a trade name(s) different than that listed in the Federal Register Notice? Circle the appropriate response.  Yes
1.05 CBI []	If you buy a trade name product and are reporting because you were notified of your reporting requirements by your trade name supplier, provide that trade name.  Trade name
1.06 CBI	Certification — The person who is responsible for the completion of this form must sign the certification statement below:  "I hereby certify that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, all information entered on this form is complete and accurate."  JACK C. ANTHONY  NAME  SIGNATURE  DATE SIGNED  TITLE  TITLE  TELEPHONE NO.
[_] +	Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.

1.07 <u>CBI</u> [_]	Exemptions From Reporting If with the required information of within the past 3 years, and the for the time period specified is are required to complete section now required but not previously submissions along with your Section.	n a CAIR Re is informat n the rule, n 1 of this submitted.	porting Form for the ion is current, accur then sign the certification CAIR form and provide a copy of a	listed substance rate, and complete fication below. You de any information
	"I hereby certify that, to the information which I have not in to EPA within the past 3 years period specified in the rule."	cluded in t	his CAIR Reporting Fo	orm has been submitted
	NA			
	NAME		SIGNATURE	DATE SIGNED
	TITLE	()	TELEPHONE NO.	DATE OF PREVIOUS SUBMISSION
1.08	CBI Certification If you have certify that the following state those confidentiality claims where the confidentiality claims where the confidential ity claims where the conf	tements trut	hfully and accuratel	
CBI	"My company has taken measures and it will continue to take the been, reasonably ascertainable using legitimate means (other a judicial or quasi-judicial prinformation is not publicly available to the substantial harm to NA	to protect hese measure by other pe than discove roceeding) v ailable else	the confidentiality es; the information is ersons (other than go ery based on a showing without my company's ewhere; and disclosur y's competitive posit	s not, and has not overnment bodies) by ag of special need in consent; the ce of the information tion."
	NAME		SIGNATURE	DATE SIGNED
	TITLE		TELEPHONE NO.	

	B CORPORATE DATA
1.09	Facility Identification  GOOGEAR
CBI	Name (C O M M E R C   4  L   T    R  E    \$     S  E  R  V    C  E
[_]	Address [3]4]2]   W     C   H   [   P   P   E   R   F   [   E   L   P   ]   ]   ]
	[A]N]C]H]ORA[G]E]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]
	$[\overline{\underline{A}}]\underline{\overline{K}}]$ $[\overline{\underline{q}}]\underline{\underline{5}}]\underline{o}]\underline{T}][\underline{}]\underline{}]$ State
	Dun & Bradstreet Number
*	EPA ID Number
	Employer ID Number
	Primary Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) Code $\dots [5] \overline{0} \overline{1} \overline{1} \overline{1}$
	Other SIC Code[_]_]_]
	Other SIC Code
1.10	Company Headquarters Identification
CBI	Name [T]h]e] [G]o]o]d]y]e]a]r] ]T]i]r]e]&[R]u]b]b]e]r] [C
[_]	Address [1]1]4]4] [E]a]s]t] ]M]a]r]k]e]t] ]Street
	[A]k]r]o]n]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]
	Dun & Bradstreet Number
	Employer ID Number
	•
	• · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

1.'11	Parent Company Identification
( <u>CBI</u>	Name [T]h  e    G  o  o  d  y  e  a  r    T  i  r  e  &  R  u  b  b  e  r    C  c  c  c  c  c  c  c  c  c  c  c  c  c
	[A]k r a n  - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -
	Dun & Bradstreet Number
1.12	Technical Contact
CBI	Name $[\underline{\mathcal{J}}]\underline{A}]\underline{C}[\underline{K}]\underline{C}]\underline{A}[\underline{N}]$
[_]	Title [C]E]N]T]E]R] ]M]A]N]A]G]E]R] ]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]
	Address [3]4]2] WI ] [ ] HI [ P P E R F I E L D I D R I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I
	[A] [N] [C] [H] [O] [R] [A] [G] [C] [] [] [] [] [] [] [] [] [] [] [] [] []
	[A]K] [9]9]5]0][][]]]]] State
·	Telephone Number
1.13	This reporting year is from
[_]	Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.

1.14		If you purchased ving information abou		luring the r	eporting year	r,
		NA				
CBI	Name of Seller [	<del></del>	_1_1_1_1_1_1	_1_1_1_1	_1_1_1_1_1	_1_1_1
[_]	Mailing Address	[_1_1_1_1_1_1_1_1_	_]]]]] Street		_  _	_1_1_1
		(_1_1_1_1_1_1_1_1	_]_]_]_]_]_] City		_ _ _	_1_1_1_1
			[ <u>]</u> ]   State		][] Ziρ	111
	Employer ID Number		•••••	[_]	1_1_1_1_1	_1_1_1
	Date of Sale	••••••	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			[ ] [ ] · ] · ] · ] · [ ] · ] · ] · ] ·
	Contact Person [	[1_1_1_1_1_1_1_1_1		1111	1_1_1_1_1	111
	Telephone Number .	•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	[_	]_]-[_	]_]_[]-[_]	111
1.15	Facility Sold I following informat	NA  If you sold this facition about the buyer:	lity during the	e reporting	year, provid	e the
CBI	Name of Buyer [		_1_1_1_1_1	_1_1_1_	1_1_1_1_1	_1_1_1
[_]	Mailing Address				1_1_1_1_1	11
				_1_1_1_	1_1_1_1_1	
			[_]_] State	(_1_1_	]	_1_1_
	Employer ID Number	r		[_	1_1_1_1_1_1	!!_
	Date of Purchase .			•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••		[] [_]_ Year
	Contact Person [_				1_1_1_1_1	
	Telephone Number .		[_	_1_1_1_1-1_	_1_1_1-1_1	_1_1_
		•				
[_]	Mark (X) this box i	if you attach a cont	inuation sheet.			

Classification	Quantity (kg/yr
Manufactured	0
Imported	<del></del>
Processed (include quantity repackaged)	
Of that quantity manufactured or imported, report that quantity:	<u> </u>
In storage at the beginning of the reporting year	0
For on-site use or processing	
For direct commercial distribution (including export)	
In storage at the end of the reporting year	
Of that quantity processed, report that quantity:	
In storage at the beginning of the reporting year	44.166
Processed as a reactant (chemical producer)	
Processed as a formulation component (mixture producer)	
Processed as an article component (article producer)	
Repackaged (including export)	
In storage at the end of the reporting year	
•	

PART C	IDENTIFICATION OF MIXTURE	ES	
ch		ubstance on which you are rece, provide the following info composition is variable, re all formulations.)	
( <u> </u>	Component Name	Supplier Name	Average % Composition by Weight (specify precision,
T	OI Prepolymer	ARNCO	40 ± 5.0
Pe	etroleum Hydrocarbon	ARNCO	55 ± 5.0
<u>T</u> 0	oluene Diisocyanate	ARNCO	4.0 + 0.5
_			
			Total 100%
		•	
		••	

1/2	State the quantity of the listed substance that your facility manufor processed during the 3 corporate fiscal years preceding the reported order.	actured, im	ported, in
CBI			
[_]	Year ending	[ <u>1</u> ] <u>2</u> ]	( <u>8</u> ) <u>7</u> )
	Quantity manufactured	٥	kg
	Quantity imported	0	kg
	Quantity processed	176.64	kg
	Year ending	[ <u>1</u> ] <u>2</u> ]	( <u>8</u> ) <u>6</u> ) Year
	Quantity manufactured	0	· ·kg
	Quantity imported	0	kg
	Quantity processed	88.32	kg
	Year ending	[ <u>1</u> ] <u>2</u> ]	[ <u>8</u> ] <u>5</u> ] Year
	Quantity manufactured	0	kg
	Quantity imported	0	kg
	Quantity processed	0	kg
2.05 CBI	Specify the manner in which you manufactured the listed substance. appropriate process types.	Circle al	1
[ ]	NA		
·—,	Continuous process	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	1
	Semicontinuous process		2
	Batch process		3
		·	
[_]	Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.		

2.06 CBI	Specify the manner in appropriate process type	which you processed to	he listed substance.	Circle all
[_]	Continuous process	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•••••	
	Semicontinuous process			
	Batch process			
2.07 <u>CBI</u>	State your facility's r substance. (If you are question.)	name-plate capacity for a batch manufacture	or manufacturing or p r or batch processor,	rocessing the listed do not answer this
[_]		NA		
	Manufacturing capacity			kg/yr
	Processing capacity	••••••••		kg/,yr
2.08 CBI	If you intend to increamanufactured, imported, year, estimate the increase volume.			
[_]		Manufacturing Quantity (kg)	ImportingQuantity (kg)	ProcessingQuantity (kg)
	Amount of increase			44.15
	Amount of decrease			74.13
		*		
	,			· ·

2.09	listed substance substance during	argest volume manufacturing or processing procese, specify the number of days you manufactured of the reporting year. Also specify the average stype was operated. (If only one or two operates	or processed number of h	the listed
<u>CBI</u>				
[_]			Days/Year	Average Hours/Day
	Process Type #1	(The process type involving the largest quantity of the listed substance.)		
	,	Manufactured		
		Processed	150	
	Process Type #2	(The process type involving the 2nd largest quantity of the listed substance.)		•
		Manufactured		
		Processed		
	Process Type #3	(The process type involving the 3rd largest quantity of the listed substance.)		
		Manufactured		
		Processed		*****
2.10 CBI	chemical.  Maximum daily in	inventory	y of the is	kg kg
11	Mark (X) this be	ox if you attach a continuation sheet.		

Byproduct, Concentration products Coproduct (%) (specify ± products or Impurity % precision)  Impurit  the following codes to designate byproduct, coproduct, or impurity:  Byproduct Coproduct Coproduct Coproduct Coproduct	NA		•		Source o
the following codes to designate byproduct, coproduct, or impurity:  Byproduct Coproduct Impurity	CAS No.	Chemical Name	Coproduct	(%) (specify $\pm$	products products
Byproduct Coproduct Impurity		:			
Byproduct Coproduct Impurity					
Byproduct Coproduct Impurity		·			
Byproduct Coproduct Impurity					
Byproduct Coproduct Impurity	-			<del>***</del>	
Byproduct Coproduct Impurity					
Byproduct Coproduct Impurity					
	Use the followard B = Byproduct C = Coproduct I = Impurity	:	e byproduct, copro	oduct, or impurit	y:
	B = Byproduct C = Coproduct	:	e byproduct, copro	oduct, or impurit	y:
	B = Byproduct C = Coproduct	:	te byproduct, copro	oduct, or impurit	у:
	B = Byproduct C = Coproduct	:	e byproduct, copro	oduct, or impurit	y:
	B = Byproduct C = Coproduct	:	e byproduct, copro	oduct, or impurit	y:
	B = Byproduct C = Coproduct	:	te byproduct, copro	oduct, or impurit	y:
	B = Byproduct C = Coproduct	:			y:
	B = Byproduct C = Coproduct I = Impurity				y:
	B = Byproduct C = Coproduct I = Impurity				y:
	B = Byproduct C = Coproduct	:			y:

2.12 <u>CBI</u>	Existing Product Types - imported, or processed us the quantity of listed stotal volume of listed squantity of listed substracted under column b., the instructions for fur	nce during the repact type a he reporting year site as a percensers for each process.	porting year. List as a percentage of the . Also list the tage of the value		
	a.	b.		С.	d.
		% of Quantity Manufactured,		% of Quantity	
	_ , _ 1	Imported, or		Used Captively	2
	Product Types <sup>1</sup>	Processed	-	On-Site	Type of End-Users <sup>2</sup>
	x	100		100	I, CM
	•		-		
			-		
			_		•
			-		
			-		
-	<pre>1 Use the following codes to designate prod A = Solvent B = Synthetic reactant C = Catalyst/Initiator/Accelerator/     Sensitizer D = Inhibitor/Stabilizer/Scavenger/     Antioxidant E = Analytical reagent F = Chelator/Coagulant/Sequestrant G = Cleanser/Detergent/Degreaser H = Lubricant/Friction modifier/Antivear     agent I = Surfactant/Emulsifier J = Flame retardant K = Coating/Binder/Adhesive and additives</pre> 2 Use the following codes to designate the		L = N = O = O = O = O = O = O = O = O = O	Moldable/Castable Plasticizer Dye/Pigment/Colo Photographic/Rep and additives Electrodeposition Fuel and fuel add Explosive chemical Fragrance/Flavor Pollution control Functional fluid Metal alloy and Rheological modil	cals and additives chemicals of chemicals of chemicals districes additives additives
	I = Industrial	CS = Cons			
	CM = Commercial  Mark (X) this box if you			specify)	

2.13 <u>CBI</u>	Expected Product Types Identify all product types whimport, or process using the listed substance at any ticorporate fiscal year. For each use, specify the quantimport, or process for each use as a percentage of the substance used during the reporting year. Also list thused captively on-site as a percentage of the value listypes of end-users for each product type. (Refer to the explanation and an example.)			at any time after the quantity you e of the total vo o list the quanti value listed unde	ime after your current tity you expect to manufacture, total volume of listed he quantity of listed substance sted under column b and the		
	а.	b.		с.	d.		
	Product Types <sup>1</sup>	% of Quantity Manufactured, Imported, or Processed		% of Quantity Used Captively On-Site	Type of End-Users <sup>2</sup>		
	X	100	-	100	I; CM		
			<del>-</del> -				
		4	_				
			_				
	<pre>1 Use the following cod A = Solvent B = Synthetic reactan C = Catalyst/Initiato     Sensitizer D = Inhibitor/Stabili     Antioxidant E = Analytical reagen F = Chelator/Coagulan G = Cleanser/Detergen H = Lubricant/Frictio     agent I = Surfactant/Emulsi J = Flame retardant K = Coating/Binder/Ad 2 Use the following cod I = Industrial CM = Commercial</pre>	t r/Accelerator/ zer/Scavenger/ t t/Sequestrant t/Degreaser n modifier/Antiwear fier hesive and additives es to designate the CS = Cons	L = M = N = O = P = R = V = V = S X	Moldable/Castable Plasticizer Dye/Pigment/Color Photographic/Repand additives Electrodeposition Fuel and fuel ad Explosive chemical Fragrance/Flavor Pollution control Functional fluid Metal alloy and Rheological modio Other (specify)	als and additives chemicals l chemicals l chemicals ls and additives additives fier Article-Flat proof tire		
[_]	Mark (X) this box if y	ou attach a continua	tion	sheet.			

	b.	c. Average %	d.
Product Too. 1	Final Product's	Composition of Listed Substance	Type of
Product Type <sup>1</sup>	Physical Form <sup>2</sup>	in Final Product	End-Users <sup>3</sup>
x	Н	< 0.01	I, CM
•	-		
<sup>1</sup> Use the following	codes to designate pro	duct tunce	
A = Solvent	codes to designate pro		,
B = Synthetic read	tant	L = Moldable/Castabl M = Plasticizer	.e/Rubber and addit
C = Catalyst/Initi	ator/Accelerator/	N = Dye/Pigment/Colo	venet/Ink and addit
Sensitizer	,	0 = Photographic/Rep	regraphic chemical
D = Inhibitor/Stab	ilizer/Scavenger/	and additives	rographic chemical
Antioxidant	_	P = Electrodepositio	un/Plating chemical
E = Analytical rea	gent	Q = Fuel and fuel ad	ditives
F = Chelator/Coagu	lant/Sequestrant	R = Explosive chemic	
<pre>G = Cleanser/Deter</pre>	gent/Degreaser	S = Fragrance/Flavor	chemicals
<pre>H = Lubricant/Fric</pre>	tion modifier/Antiwear	T = Pollution contro	ol chemicals
agent		U = Functional fluid	
<pre>I = Surfactant/Emu</pre>	lsifier	V = Metal alloy and	
J = Flame retardan		V = Rheological modi	fier
<pre>K = Coating/Binder</pre>	/Adhesive and additive	es X = Other (specify)	Article-Flat proof
		final product's physi	
A = Gas		stalline solid	
B = Liquid	F3 = Gra	nules	
C = Aqueous soluti	- ·	er solid	
D = Paste	G = Gel		•
E = Slurry	H = Oth	er (specify) <u>Article</u>	
F1 = Powder			
	codes to designate the		
I = Industrial	CS = Con	-	
CM = Commercial	H = Oth	er (specify)	

CBI	liste	ed substance to off-site customers.	ulk snipments o	f the
[_],	Truck	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		(1)
	Railo	ar		(2)
	Barge	e, Vessel		3
	Pipel	ine		4
	Plane	:		5
	0ther	(specify)		6
2.16 CBI	or pr	omer Use Estimate the quantity of the listed substance used by your customers during the reporting year for used use listed (i-iv).	ised by vour cus	stomers
[_]	Categ	ory of End Use		;
	i.	Industrial Products		
		Chemical or mixture		kg/yr
		Article		
	ii.	Commercial Products		
		Chemical or mixture		kg/yr
		Article		— kg/yr
	iii.	Consumer Products		· <del></del>
		Chemical or mixture		kg/yr
		Article		kg/yr
	iv.	<u>Other</u>		
		Distribution (excluding export)		kg/yr
		Export		kg/yr
		Quantity of substance consumed as reactant		kg/yr
		Unknown customer uses		kg/y:
			·	
[_]	Mark	(X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.		11.00

	. SECTION 3 PROCESSOR RAW MATERIAL IDEN	rification .	
PART	A GENERAL DATA		
3.01 CBI	Specify the quantity purchased and the average price properties for each major source of supply listed. Product trades The average price is the market value of the product trades substance.		•
	Source of Supply	Quantity (kg)	Average Price (\$/kg)
	The listed substance was manufactured on-site.		
	The listed substance was transferred from a different company site.	·	•
	The listed substance was purchased directly from a manufacturer or importer.		
	The listed substance was purchased from a distributor or repackager.		
	The listed substance was purchased from a mixture producer.	176.64	1.90
3.02 CBI	Circle all applicable modes of transportation used to your facility.	deliver the list	ed substance to
[_]	Truck	•••••	
	Railcar		2
	Barge, Vessel		
	Pipeline	••••••	
	Plane		

CBI	а.	Circle all applicable containers used to transport the listed substance to your facility.
[_]		Bags 1
		Boxes 2
		Free standing tank cylinders 3
		Tank rail cars 4
		Hopper cars 5
		Tank trucks 6
		Hopper trucks
		Drums
		Pipeline 9
		Other (specify)
b	•	If the listed substance is transported in pressurized tank cylinders, tank rail cars, or tank trucks, state the pressure of the tanks.
		Tank cylinders mmHg
		Tank rail cars mmHg
		Tank trucks mmHg

ave	erage percent composi	ed substance in the form of a mixture, list the trade name(s) me of its supplier(s) or manufacturer(s), an estimate of the ition by weight of the listed substance in the mixture, and the sessed during the reporting year.					
	Trade Name	Supplier or Manufacturer	Average % Composition by Weight (specify ± % precision)	Amount Processed (kg/yr)			
	Wingfil Part A.	ARNCO	4.0 ± 0.5	4416			
				-			
	•						
			er en				

	listed substance used as a rof a class I chemical, class yeight, of the listed subs	
	Quantity Used (kg/yr)	% Composition by Weight of Listed Sub stance in Raw Materia (specify <u>+</u> % precision
Class I chemical	176.64	4.0 + 0.5
Class II chemical		
Polymer		
TOLYMEL		
·	÷	
•		

	SEC	TION 4 PHYSICAL/CHEMI	CAL PROPERTIES	
		- Intolond, on Bird		
Gener	cal Instructions:			
If you	ou are reporting on a mix at are inappropriate to m	ture as defined in the ixtures by stating "N	e glossary, reply to qu A mixture."	estions in Section
notio	questions 4.06-4.15, if y ce that addresses the inf mile in lieu of answerin	ormation requested, vo	ou may submit a copy or	el, MSDS, or other reasonable
PART	A PHYSICAL/CHEMICAL DAT	A SUMMARY	,	-
4.01 <a href="#">CBI</a> <a href="#">[_]</a>	Specify the percent pur substance as it is manu substance in the final import the substance, o	factured, imported, or product form for manurat the point you be	r processed. Measure t facturing activities, a gin to process the subs	he purity of the
		Manufacture	Import	Process
	Technical grade #1	% purity	% purity NA	-mixture % purity
	Technical grade #2	% purity	% purity	% purity
	Technical grade #3	% purity	% purity	% purity
	<sup>1</sup> Major = Greatest quant	ity of listed substan	ce manufactured, import	ed or processed.
4.02	Submit your most recent substance, and for ever an MSDS that you develowersion. Indicate whet	y formulation contain ped and an MSDS developed.	ing the listed substand oped by a different sou	e. If you posses: irce, submit your



### HATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

REVISION DATE June 4 . 1986

## I. GENERAL INFORMATION

PRODUCT NAME : WING-FIL COMPONENT "A"

CHEHICAL NAME : TDI Prepolymer plus Petroleum Hydrocarbon

CHEHICAL FAHILY : Isocyanate Prepolymer and Petroleum Hydrocarbon FORHULA

: Proprietary DOT HAZARD CLASS : UN2078 (TDI)

HANUFACTURER ' : ARNCO, 5141 Firestone Place, South Gate, CA 90280-3570

Phone No: (213)567-1378

CHEHTREC Phone No: (800)424-9300 District of Columbia: (202)483-7616

### II. INGREDIENTS

Components	TLV	Flash Point OF	Boiling Point OF	Vapor Press. mm Hg	Vapor Dens. (Air=1)	Flammable Limit LEL UEL	
TDI Prepolymer	0.02ppm 0.2mg/m3	Not Estab.	Not Estab.	0.02 @77°F.	6.0	Not Estab.	
Petroleum Hydrocarbon	0.2mg/m3 TWA-ACGIH	>300	>550	<1.0 @68°F.	<0.1	No Data Available	

## III. PHYSICAL DATA

BOILING POINT (OF) : 464

VAPOR PRESSURE (mm Hg) : SEE SECTION II VAPOR DENSITY (Air=1) : SEE SECTION II

SOLUBILITY IN WATER, \$ : Insoluble. Reacts with water to liberate

CO2 gas. APPEARANCE & ODOR

: Dark brown liquid. Sharp pungent odor.

SPECIFIC GRAVITY (H20=1) : 1.01

\* VOLATILE BY VOLUME : Negligible

EVAPORATION RATE (Ether=1): Not Established

### DEOL COL BURELABLE

### IV. FIRE & EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA

FLASH POINT (OF)

: 320

FLAHHABLE LIHITS

.: Not Established

EXTINGUISHING HEDIA

: Dry chemical, chemical foam, carbon dioxide

SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES: Fire fighters should wear full emergency equipment with self-contained pressure-demand breathing apparatus. Use water to cool fire-exposed containers. Eliminate all sources of ignition.

UNUSUAL FIRE & EXPLOSION HAZARDS: During a fire, toxic gases are genererated. Closed containers may explode from extreme heat or from water contamination. DO NOT reseal water-contaminated containers, as pressure buildup up may cause violent rupture of the container.

#### V. HEALTH HAZARD DATA

THRESHOLD LIHIT VALUE: 0.02 ppm; 0.2 mg/m3

#### SYMPTOMS OF EXPOSURE:

INHALATION: Hay cause dizziness and nausea. Irritation of the upper and lower respiratory tract. Some individuals may develop isocyante hypersensitization and must avoid further exposure to even low isocyanate levels. Inhalation of mists may present a cancer hazard. Sinusitis brochitis, asthma and impaired ventilatory capacity can occur in some individuals.

INGESTION: Irritation and corrosive action in the mouth, stomach and digestive tract. Possibly liver toxicity. Aspiration into the lungs can cause chemical pneumonitis which can be fatal.

EYES: Liquid, vapors, or mist can cause sever irritation, redness, tearing, blurred vision and possibly irreversible damage to the eye.

SKIN: Irritation and allergic sensitivity may occur for some individuals, producing reddening, swelling or blistering, and skin sensitization, possibly resulting in dermatitis. This product contains petroleum oils similar to those catogarized by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) as causing skin cancer in mice after prolonged and repeated contact. Any potential hazard can be minimized by using recommended protective equipment to avoid skin contact and by washing thoroughly after handling.

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Page 2 of 4

# BEST CUPY AVAILABLE

# V. HEALTH HAZARD DATA (continued)

MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE: Pre-existing unspecific bronchial hypersensitivity and, potentially, any allergies.

PRIMARY ROUTES OF ENTRY: Inhalation and skin contact.

### EHERGENCY FIRST AID:

INHALATION: Remove victim to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, administer oxygen. If breathing has stopped, apply artificial respiration, and get medical attention immediately. NOTE TO PHYSICIAN: Treat symptomatically: bronchodilators; oxygen.

INGESTION: DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. Aspiration can be fatal. Give a glass of milk or water, keep patient quiet and warm, and get prompt medical attention.

EYES: Flush immediately with water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the eyelid, and get prompt medical attention.

SKIN: Remove contaminated clothing and launder before reuse. Wash affected skin with soap and water. Consult a physician if swelling or reddening

### VI. REACTIVITY DATA

STABILITY: Stable under normal, recommended storage conditions.

CONDITIONS TO AVOID: Open flame and storage temperatures above 120°F

INCOMPATIBILITY: Materials to avoid are water. alcohols, ammonia, amines, and alkalis. Contaminated containers should be left vented and be moved to a safe area for neutralization and proper disposal.

HAZARDOUS POLYHERIZATION: Hay occur.

CONDITIONS TO AVOID: Exposure to high temperature, or resealing of containers contaminated with materials listed under INCOMPATIBILITY (materials to avoid).

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: Carbon monoxide and dioxide, nitrogen oxides, sulfur oxides, unidentified organic compounds, and traces of hydrogen cyanide (HCN).

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# VII. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION PROCEDURES

SPILL RESPONSE: Evacuate and ventilate the area. Eliminate all sources of ignition. Respiratory protection must be worn during cleanup. Cover the spill with sawdust, vermiculite, or other absorbent material. Scoop and with a decontainer and remove to well ventilated area to be treated carbide) and 80% water; or 5% concentrated ammonia, 2% detergent, and 93% water. Leave the container open for 24-48 hours. Wash down the spill area with decontamination solution. For major spills call CHEMTREC: (800)

WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD Decontaminated waste must be disposed of in accordance with Federal, State, and local environmental control regulations. It sour duty to comply with the Clean Air Act, Clean Water Act, and Resources Conservation and Recovery Act.

# VIII. SPECIAL PROTECTION INFORMATION

EYE PROTECTION: Chemical workers goggles or full-face shield. Contact lenses should not be worn in or near work area.

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION: HSHA/NIOSH approved positive-pressure air-supplied respirator with full-face shield. Organic vapor filters are not effective against TDI vapor. The vapor pressure of TDI is such that at normal temperatures, vapor concentration in the air will exceed the TLV of 0.02 ppm.

SKIN PROTECTION: Impervious, chemical resistant (natural rubber) gloves, arm covers, aprons or coveralls, boots and caps.

VENTILATION RECOMMENDED: General mechanical ventilation and local exhaust. to maintain vapor concentration below the TLV.

OTHER PROTECTION: Safety showers and eye wash stations must be easily accessible. Provide a dry nitrogen blanket in bulk storage tanks.

### IX. SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS

HYGIENIC PRACTICES IN HANDLING & STORAGE: Store below 100°F, preferably below 90°F, in tightly-closed containers to prevent atmospheric moisture contamination. DO NOT reseal if contamination is suspected. DO NOT store near open flame or high heat.

Wear protective equipment to prevent eye and skin contact. DO NOT breath vapors. Wash hands before eating or smoking.

Since emptied containers retain product residues (vapor or liquid), all hazard precautions given in this HSDS must be observed. For proper container disposal, fill with water and allow to stand unsealed for at least 48 hours then dospose of in accordance with Federal. State and local environmental control regulations.

THE INFORMATION IN THIS HSDS IS FURNISHED WITHOUT WARRANTY, EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, EXCEPT THAT IT IS ACCURATE TO THE BEST KNOWLEDGE OF ARNCO. THE DATA ON THIS MSDS RELATES ONLY TO THE SPECIFIC MATERIAL DESIGNATED HEREIN. ARNCO ASSUMES NO LEGAL RESPONSIBILITY FOR USE OR RELIANCE UPON THIS DATA.

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4.03	Submit a copy or reasonable facsimile of any hazard information (other than an MSDS) that is provided to your customers/users regarding the listed substance or any formulation containing the listed substance. Indicate whether this information has been submitted by circling the appropriate response.
	Yes 1
	No 2
4.04	For each activity that uses the listed substance, circle all the applicable number(s) corresponding to each physical state of the listed substance during the activity listed. Physical states for importing and processing activities are determined at
<u>CBI</u>	the time you import or begin to process the listed substance. Physical states for manufacturing, storage, disposal and transport activities are determined using the final state of the product.
	Physical State

	Physical State						
Activity	Solid	Slurry	Liquid	Liquified Gas	Gas		
Manufacture	1	2	3	4	5		
Import	1	2	3	4	5		
Process	. 1	2 .	3	4	5		
Store	1	2	3	4	5		
Dispose	1	2	3	4	5		
Transport		2	3	4	5		

<sup>[ ]</sup> Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.

_ l	importing listed su	ge distribution of t s ≥10 microns in dia g and processing act ubstance. Measure t disposal and transp	meter. Measur ivities at the he physical st	e the ph time yo ate and	ysical st ou import particle	ate and or begi sizes f	particle n to proc or manufa	sizes for ess the
	Physical State		Manufacture	Import	Process	Store	Dispose	Transpor
	Dust	<1 micron			NA			
		1 to <5 microns		·	NA			
		5 to <10 microns			NA		<u></u>	
	Powder	<1 micron	-		NA			
		1 to <5 microns			NA			
		5 to <10 microns			NA			-
	Fiber	<li>&lt;1 micron</li>			NA			
		1 to <5 microns			NA			
		5 to <10 microns			NA		-	
	Aerosol	<1 micron			NA			
		1 to <5 microns			NA			
		5 to <10 microns	*		NA			4

SECTION 5	5	ENVIRONMENTAL	FATE
-----------	---	---------------	------

Inc	dicate the rate constants for the following tra	nsformation proc	esses.	
a.	Photolysis:			
	Absorption spectrum coefficient (peak)			
	Reaction quantum yield, 6			
	Direct photolysis rate constant, $k_p$ , at	1/hr		lat
b.	Oxidation constants at 25°C:			
	For <sup>1</sup> 0 <sub>2</sub> (singlet oxygen), k <sub>ox</sub>			
	For $RO_2$ (peroxy radical), $k_{ox}$			·
c.	Five-day biochemical oxygen demand, BOD <sub>5</sub>			1
d.	Biotransformation rate constant:			
	For bacterial transformation in water, $k_b \dots$			
	Specify culture			
e.	Hydrolysis rate constants:			
	For base-promoted process, k <sub>B</sub>			
	For acid-promoted process, k,			
	For neutral process, $k_{\kappa}$			
f.	Chemical reduction rate (specify conditions)_			
g.	Other (such as spontaneous degradation)			

5.02	a.	Specify the half-life of th	e listed sub	stance in the followi NA-Mixture				
		<u>Media</u>		Half-life (specify units)				
		Groundwater						
		Atmosphere						
		Surface water						
		Soil	***************************************					
	b.	Identify the listed substandlife greater than 24 hours.	ce's known t	known transformation products that have a h				
		CAS No.	Name	Half-life (specify units)		<u> Media</u>		
					in			
					in			
					in			
					in			
5.03	Spe	cify the octanol-water partin	tion coeffic	NA-Mixture		at 25°C		
		hod of calculation or determi						
5.04	Snec	cify the soil water partition		NA-Mixture	<del></del>			
3.04		cify the soil-water partition				at 25°C		
	501.	l type	• • • • • • • • • • • • • •					
5.05	Spec	cify the organic carbon-water	partition	NA-Mixture		at 25°C		
5.06	Spec	cify the Henry's Law Constant	., н	NA-Mixture		atm-m³/mole		

Bioconcentration Factor		Species NA-Mix	ture		<u>Test</u> <sup>1</sup>	
 <sup>1</sup> Use the following codes to	designate	the type of	 test:			
F = Flowthrough S = Static				٠		
		÷				
					•	
	-					

6.04 <u>CBI</u>	For each market listed below, state the listed substance sold or transfer	he quantity sold and the red in bulk during the	total sales valde of eporting year.
, ( <u> </u>			
	Market	Quantity Sold or Transferred (kg/yr)	Total Sales Value (\$/yr)
\	Retail sales		
	Distribution Wholesalers		
	Distribution - Retailers		
	Intra-company transfer		
/	Repackagers \		
	Mixture producers	\	
	Article producers		
	Other chemical manufacturers or processors		
	Exporters		<del>  </del>
	Other (specify)		<del></del>
	(0),		
6.05	Substitutes List all known commerc	ially feasible substitu	tes that you know exist
	for the listed substance and state th feasible substitute is one which is e	e cost of each substitu	re. A commercially
CBI	in your current operation, and which performance in its end uses.	results in a final prod	uct with comparable
[_]	Substitute		Cost (\$/kg)
	No substitutes currently known		<u>003( (0) Ng)</u>
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
· <u> </u>			
[_]	Mark (X) this box if you attach a con	tinuation sheet.	

# SECTION 7 HANUFACTURING AND PROCESSING INFORMATION

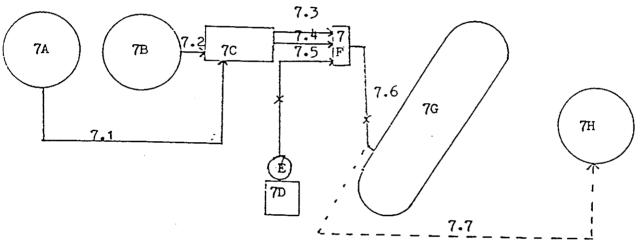
#### General'Instructions:

For questions 7.04-7.06, provide a separate response for each process block flow diagram provided in questions 7.01, 7.02, and 7.03. Identify the process type from which the

# PART A MANUFACTURING AND PROCESSING PROCESS TYPE DESCRIPTION

7.01 In accordance with the instructions, provide a process block flow diagram showing the major (greatest volume) process type involving the listed substance.

[ ] Process type ..... Batch - Polyurethane Polymerization



7A = TDI Prepolymer 7B = Amine Solution

7C = Metering Pump

to - necerrite rumb

7D = Isopropyl Alcohol Cleaning Solution

7E = Cleaning Solution Pump

7F = Components Mixing Head

7G = Tire Being Filled Through Valve Stem

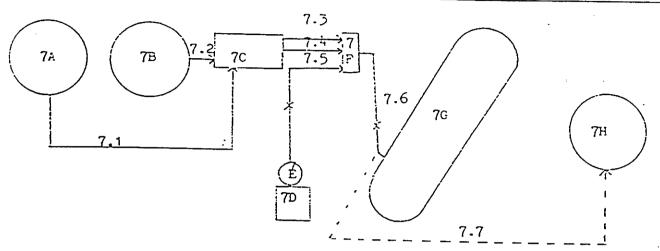
7H = Clean-out Solution Drum

<sup>[]</sup> | Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.

7.03 In accordance with the instructions, provide a process block flow diagram showing all process emission streams and emission points that contain the listed substance and which, if combined, would total at least 90 percent of all facility emissions if not treated before emission into the environment. If all such emissions are released from one process type, provide a process block flow diagram using the instructions type, provide a process block flow diagram from more than one process type, provide a process block flow diagram showing each process type as a separate block.

CBI

Process type ..... Batch - Polyurethane Polymerization



7A = TDI Prepolymer

7B = Amine Solution

7C = Metering Pump

7D = Isopropyl Alcohol Cleaning Solution

7E = Cleaning Solution Pump

7F = Components Mixing Head

7G = Tire Being Filled Through Valve Stem

7H = Clean-out Solution Drum

 $<sup>[\,\</sup>overline{\,}\,]$  Hark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.

	Batch-	Polyurethane Polymen	12401011	
Unit Operation ID Number	Typical Equipment Type	Operating Temperature Range (°C)	Operating Pressure Range _(mm Hg)	Vess Compos
7A	Drum	Ambient	Atmospheric	Steel
7B	Drum	Ambient	Atmospheric	Steel
<b>7</b> C	Metering Pump	Ambient	Atmospheric	Steel
<b>7</b> D	5 Gallon Can	Ambient	Atmospheric	Steel
7E	Pump	Ambient	Atmospheric	Steel
7F	Mixing Head	Ambient	Atmospheric	Stain Steel
7G	Tire	Ambient	Atmospheric	Vul.
7H	Drum	Ambient	Atmospheric	Steel
		,		
	-		<del></del>	
			•	

7.05	brocess prock r	rocess stream identified in you low diagram is provided for mor emplete it separately for each p	e than one process type	agram(s). If a , photocopy this				
CBI								
[_]	Process type Batch - Polyurethane Polymerization							
	Process Stream ID Code	Process Stream Description	Physical State <sup>1</sup>	Stream Flow (kg/yr)				
	7.1	TDI Prepolymer	OL	4416				
	7.3	TDI Prepolymer	OL	4416				
	7.6	Polymerizing Polyurethane	OL	8832.				
				*				
				<b>4</b> .4				
				4				
	•							
	GC = Gas (cond GU = Gas (unco SO = Solid SY = Sludge or AL = Aqueous l OL = Organic l	iquid	and pressure) e and pressure)					
[ ]	Mark (X) this b	ox if you attach a continuation	sheet.					

7.06 CBI	lt a proces this questi	ze each process stream idents block flow diagram is plant is plant in and complete it separation for further explanation	provided for mon stely for each r	re than one prod process type.	cess type, photocopy					
[_]	Process type Batch - Polyurethane Polymerization									
	a.	b.	c.	d.	е.					
	Process Stream ID Code	Known Compounds <sup>1</sup>	Concen- trations <sup>2,3</sup> (% or ppm)	Other Expected Compounds	Estimated Concentrations (% or ppm)					
	7.1	TDI Prepolymer	40 ± 5.0 (E) (W)	NA	NA					
		Petroleum Hydrocarbon	55 ± 5.0 (E) (W)	NA	NA					
		Toluene Diisocyanate	4.0 ± 0.5 (E) (W)	NA	· NA					
	7.3	TDI Prepolymer	40 ± 5.0 (E) (W)	NA	NA					
		Petroleum Hydrocarbon	55 ± 5.0	NA	NA					
		Toluene Diisocyanate	4.0 ± 0.5 (E) (W)	. NA	NA					
	7.6	Polyurethane	(是)-(報)	NA	NA NA					
		Toluene Diisocyanate	(£) (w)	NA	NA					
		Amine	(E) (W)	NA .	NA .					
7.06	continued b	elov								
<u></u>	Mark /VI ·L	is box if you attach a co								

7	.06	(con	tin	ued)
---	-----	------	-----	------

<sup>1</sup>For each additive package introduced into a process stream, specify the compounds that are present in each additive package, and the concentration of each component. Assign an additive package number to each additive package and list this number in column b. (Refer to the instructions for further explanation and an example. Refer to the glossary for the definition of additive package.)

	Components of Additive Package	Concentration (% or ppm)
1		
		,
		-
2		- Annale de Language de la companya
		***************************************
3		
4		
5		
Use the following codes	to designate how the concentrat	ion was determined:
A = Analytical result E = Engineering judgemen		
Use the following codes	to designate how the concentrat	ion was measured:
V = Volume V = Veight		,

01 <u>I</u>	In accordance with the i which describes the trea	nstruc itment	tions, process	provide a used for	residu residu	ual trea uals ide	tment bl	ock flow in quest	diagramiion 7.0
_]	Process type		Batch	- Polyur	ethane	Polymer	ization		
		<b>N</b> A							
						:		_	
									•
									1
			,						
	f								
				e <sup>r</sup>			٠		
	•	,							

_ _,		type	77		r explanation a	_	e.,
,	a.	b.	NA d.		e.	f.	g.
	Stream ID Code	Type of Hazardous Vaste	Physical State of Residual <sup>2</sup>	Known Compounds <sup>3</sup>	Concentra- tions (% or ppm) <sup>4,5,6</sup>	Other Expected Compounds	Estimated Concen- trations (% or ppm)
	-						

```
8.05 (continued)
```

<sup>1</sup>Use the following codes to designate the type of hazardous waste:

I = Ignitable

C = Corrosive

R = Reactive

E = EP toxic

T = Toxic

H = Acutely hazardous

<sup>2</sup>Use the following codes to designate the physical state of the residual:

GC = Gas (condensible at ambient temperature and pressure)

GU = Gas (uncondensible at ambient temperature and pressure)

SO = Solid

SY = Sludge or slurry

AL = Aqueous liquid

OL = Organic liquid

IL = Immiscible liquid (specify phases, e.g., 90% water, 10% toluene)

#### 8.05 continued below

8.	05	(con	tin	ued)
----	----	------	-----	------

<sup>3</sup>For each additive package introduced into a process stream, specify the compounds that are present in each additive package, and the concentration of each component. Assign an additive package number to each additive package and list this number in column d. (Refer to the instructions for further explanation and an example. Refer to the glossary for the definition of additive package.)

Additive	Components of	Concentrations
Package Number	Additive Package	(% or ppm)
1		
		·
2		•
		(
3		
·		
4		
	-	
e.		-
5		
		The state of the s
4		
Use the following codes	to designate how the concentrati	on was determined:
A = Analytical result		
E = Engineering judgemen	nt/calculation	
05 continued below		
Mark (X) this box if you	attach a continuation sheet.	
	56	

8.0	15	( a a n	+ : -	ued)
0 . U	ו כו	con	ui	iuea i

 $^{5}\,\mbox{Use}$  the following codes to designate how the concentration was measured:

V = Volume

W = Weight

<sup>6</sup>Specify the analytical test methods used and their detection limits in the table below. Assign a code to each test method used and list those codes in column e.

Code	<u>Method</u>	e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e	Detection Limit (± ug/l)
1			
2			,
3		<del></del>	
4			
5			
6		<del></del>	

	type	bar	tch - Polyur	ethane Polymer	rization	
a.	b.	NA C.	d.	e.	f.	g.
Stream ID Code	Waste Description Code	Management Method Code <sup>2</sup>	Residual Quantities (kg/yr)	of Residual	nt Off-Site Management	Changes in Management Methods
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						
			·	·		
						-
	٠					
_	_			_		
	itream ID Code	Use the codes prov	Use the codes provided in Exh	The code of the co	a. b. c. d. e.  Stream Waste Management Residual Of Residual On-Site Off  Code Code Code (kg/yr) On-Site Off  Code Code Code Code Code Code Code Code	a. b. c. d. e. f. Costs for Stream Waste Management Residual Management Off-Site ID Description Method Quantities of Residual (%) Management

# WASTE DESCRIPTION CODES

These waste description codes were developed specifically for this survey to supplement the descriptions listed with the RCRA and other waste codes. (These waste description codes are not regulatory definitions.)

# WASTE DESCRIPTION CODES FOR HAZARDOUS WASTE DESCRIBED BY A SINGLE RCRA F, K, P, OR U WASTE CODE

- A01 Spent solvent (F001-F005 K086)
- A02 Other organic liquid (F001-F005, K086)
- A03 Still bottom (F001-F005, K086)
- A04 Other organic studge (F001-F005, K086)
- A05 Wastewater or aqueous mixture
- A06 Contaminated soil or cleanup residue
- A07 Other F or K waste, exactly as described
- A08 Concentrated off-spec or discarded product
- A09 Empty containers

""Exactly as described" means that the waste matches the description of the RCRA waste code.

- A10 Incinerator ash
- A11 Solidified treatment residue
- A12 Other treatment residue (specify in "Facility Notes")
- Other untreated waste (specify in "Facility Notes"1

- INORGANIC LIQUIDS—Waste that is primarily inorganic and highly fluid (e.g., aqueous), with low suspended inorganic solids and low organic content.
- 801 Aqueous waste with low solvents
- 802 Aqueous waste with low other toxic organics
- 803 Spent acid with metals
- B04 Spent acid without metals
- BOS Acidic aqueous waste
- B06 Caustic solution with metals but no cvanides
- B07 Caustic solution with metals and cyanides
- 808 Caustic solution with cyanides but no metals
- B09 Spent caustic
- 810 Caustic aqueous waste
- 811 Aqueous waste with reactive sulfides
- B12 Aqueous waste with other reactives (e.g., explosives)
- B13 Other aqueous waste with high dissolved solids
- 314 Other aqueous waste with low dissolved SONOS
- B15 Scrubber water
- B16 Leachale
- 817 Waste liquid mercury
- B18 Other inorganic liquid (specify in "Facility
- INORGANIC SLUDGES-Waste that is primarily inorganic, with moderate-to-high water content and low organic content; pumpable,
- B19 Lime sludge without metals
- 820 Lime sludge with metals/metal hydroxide sludge
- 821 Wastewater treatment sludge with toxic Organics
- 822 Other wastewater treatment sludge
- 823 Untreated plating sludge without cyanides
- 824 Untreated plating sludge with cyanides
- **B25** Other sludge with cyanides
- 826 Sludge with reactive sulfides 827 Sludge with other reactives
- 828 Degreasing sludge with metal scale or filings
- 829 Air pollution control device studge (e.g., fly ash, wet scrubber sludge)
- 830 Sediment or lagoon dragout contaminated with organics
- 831 Sediment or tagoon dragout contaminated with inorganics only

- **B32** Drilling mud
- 833 Asbestos slurry or sludge 834
- Chloride or other brine studge 835
- Other inorganic studge (specify in "Facility Notes")
- INORGANIC SOLIDS—Waste that is primarily inorganic and solid, with low organic content and low-to-moderate water content; not pumpable.
- 836 Soil contaminated with organics
- **R**37 Soil contaminated with inorganics only
- **B38** Ash, slag, or other residue from incineration of wastes
- 839 Other "dry" ash, slag, or thermal residue
- "Dry" lime or metal hydroxide solids · 840 chemically "fixed"
- **B41** "Dry" lime or metal hydroxide solids not "fixed"
- 842 Metal scale, filings, or scrap
- Empty or crushed metal drums or containers
- Battenes or battery parts, casings, cores
- 845 Spent solid filters or adsorpents 846 Asbestos solids and debns
- **B47** Metal-cyanide salts/chemicals
- 848 Reactive cyanide satts/chemicals
- B49 Reactive sulfide satis/chemicals
- 850 Other reactive salts/chemicals 851
- Other metal salts/chemicals 852 Other waste inorganic chemicals
- 653 Lab packs of old chemicals only
- Lab packs of debns only **B54**
- 855 Mixed lab packs
- **BS6** Other inorganic solids (specify in "Facility Notes")
- INORGANIC GASES—Waste that is primarily inorganic with a low organic content and is a gas at atmospheric pressure
- 857 Inorganic gases
- ORGANIC LIQUIDS—Waste that is primarily organic and is highly fluid, with low inorganic solids content and low-to-moderate water Content
- **BS8** Concentrated solvent-water solution
- **B**59 Halogenated (e.g., chlorinated) solvent
- 860 Nonhalogenated solvent

- 861 Halogenated/nonhalogenated solvent
- B62 Oil-water emulsion or mixture
- **B63** Waste oil
- 864 Concentrated aqueous solution of other omanics
- 865 Concentrated phenolics
- 866 Organic paint, ink, lacquer, or varnish
- **B67** Adhesives or expoxies
- 868 Paint thinner or petroleum distillates
- Reactive or polymerizable organic liquid **B69**
- Other organic figured (specify in "Facility
- ORGANIC SWIDGES-Waste that is primarily organic, with low-to-moderate inorganic solids content and water content; pumpable.
- Still bottoms of halogenated (e.g., chlorinated) solvents or other organic liquids
- Still bottoms of nonhalogenated
- solvents or other organic liquids
- **B73** Oily studge
- 874 Organic paint or ink studge
- 875 Reactive or polymerizable organics
- 876 Resins, tars, or tarry studge 877
- Biological treatment studge 878
- Sewage or other untreated biological sludge 679
- Other organic studge (specify in "Facility Notes")

ORGANIC SOLIDS—Waste that is primarily organic and solid, with low-to-moderate inorganic content and water content; not pumpapie.

- BAO Halogenated pasticide solid
- 881 Nonhalogenated pesticide solid
- Solid resins or polymerized organics RA2
- 883 Spent carpon
- RA4 Reactive organic solid
- Empty fiber or plastic containers RR5
- RAS Lab packs of old chemicals only
- 887 Lab packs of deons only
- **B88** Mixed lab packs
- Other halogenated organic solid
- Other nonhalogenated organic solid

ORGANIC GASES—Waste that is primarily organic with low-to-moderate inorganic content and is a gas at atmospheric pressure.

**B91** Organic cases

# EXHIBIT 8-2. (Refers to question 8.06(c))

# MANAGEMENT METHODS

<pre>M1 = Discharge to publicly owned</pre>	Recovery of solvents and liquid organics
vastevater treatment vorks	for reuse
H2 = Discharge to surface vater under	1SR Fractionation
NPDES	2SR Batch still distillation
<pre>H3 = Discharge to off-site, privately</pre>	3SR Solvent extraction
owned vastewater treatment works	4SR Thin-film evaporation
M4 = Scrubber: a) caustic; b) water;	5SR Filtration
c) other	6SR Phase separation
M5 = Vent to: a) atmosphere; b) flare;	7SR Dessication
c) other (specify)	8SR Other solvent recovery
H6 = Other (specify)	•
TOPATHONE AND DOCTOL THE	Recovery of metals
TREATHENT AND RECYCLING	1MR Activated carbon (for metals
Incineration/thermal treatment	recovery)
II Liquid injection	2MR Electrodialysis (for metals
2I Rotary or rocking kiln	recovery)
31 Rotary kiln with a liquid injection	3MR Electrolytic metal recovery
unit	4MR Ion exchange (for metals recovery)
4I Two stage	5MR Reverse osmosis (for metals
SI Fixed hearth	recovery)
61 Multiple hearth	6MR Solvent extraction (for metals
7I Fluidized bed	recovery)
8I Infrared	7MR Ultrafiltration (for metals
9I Fume/vapor	recovery)
10I Pyrolytic destructor	8MR Other metals recovery
11I Other incineration/thermal	Vastevater Treatment
treatment	
	After each vastevater treatment type
Reuse as fuel	<pre>listed below (1VT - 66VT) specify a) tank; or b) surface impoundment</pre>
1RF Cement kiln	(i.e., 63VTa)
2RF Aggregate kiln	(1.e., 05*1a)
3RF Asphalt kiln	Equalization
4RF Other kiln	1VT Equalization
5RF Blast furnace	54002124(10)1
6RF Sulfur recovery furnace	Cyanide oxidation
7RF Smelting, melting, or refining	2VT Alkaline chlorination
furnace	3VT Ozone
8RF Coke oven	4VT Electrochemical
9RF Other industrial furnace	SWT Other cyanide oxidation
	Jul Other Change Oxidation
10RF Industrial boiler	541 Other Cyanide Oxidation
11RF Utility boiler	
11RF Utility boiler 12RF Process heater	General oxidation (including disinfection)
11RF Utility boiler	General oxidation (including
11RF Utility boiler 12RF Process heater 13RF Other reuse as fuel unit	General oxidation (including disinfection)
11RF Utility boiler 12RF Process heater 13RF Other reuse as fuel unit Puel Blending	General oxidation (including disinfection) 6VT Chlorination
11RF Utility boiler 12RF Process heater 13RF Other reuse as fuel unit	General oxidation (including disinfection) 6VT Chlorination 7VT Ozonation
11RF Utility boiler 12RF Process heater 13RF Other reuse as fuel unit  Puel Blending 1FB Fuel blending	General oxidation (including disinfection) 6VT Chlorination 7VT Ozonation 8VT UV radiation 9VT Other general oxidation
11RF Utility boiler 12RF Process heater 13RF Other reuse as fuel unit  Puel Blending 1FB Fuel blending  Solidification	General oxidation (including disinfection) 6VT Chlorination 7VT Ozonation 8VT UV radiation 9VT Other general oxidation Chemical precipitation
11RF Utility boiler 12RF Process heater 13RF Other reuse as fuel unit  Puel Blending 1FB Fuel blending  Solidification 1S Cement or cement/silicate processes	General oxidation (including disinfection) 6VT Chlorination 7VT Ozonation 8VT UV radiation 9VT Other general oxidation Chemical precipitation 10VT Lime
11RF Utility boiler 12RF Process heater 13RF Other reuse as fuel unit  Puel Blending 1FB Fuel blending  Solidification 1S Cement or cement/silicate processes 2S Pozzolanic processes	General oxidation (including disinfection) 6VT Chlorination 7VT Ozonation 8VT UV radiation 9VT Other general oxidation  Chemical precipitation 10VT Lime 11VT Sodium hydroxide
11RF Utility boiler 12RF Process heater 13RF Other reuse as fuel unit  Puel Blending 1FB Fuel blending  Solidification 1S Cement or cement/silicate processes 2S Pozzolanic processes 3S Asphaltic processes	General oxidation (including disinfection) 6VT Chlorination 7VT Ozonation 8VT UV radiation 9VT Other general oxidation  Chemical precipitation 10VT Lime 11VT Sodium hydroxide 12VT Soda ash
11RF Utility boiler 12RF Process heater 13RF Other reuse as fuel unit  Puel Blending 1FB Fuel blending  Solidification 1S Cement or cement/silicate processes 2S Pozzolanic processes 3S Asphaltic processes 4S Thermoplastic techniques	General oxidation (including disinfection) 6VT Chlorination 7VT Ozonation 8VT UV radiation 9VT Other general oxidation  Chemical precipitation 10VT Lime 11VT Sodium hydroxide 12VT Soda ash 13VT Sulfide
11RF Utility boiler 12RF Process heater 13RF Other reuse as fuel unit  Puel Blending 1FB Fuel blending  Solidification 1S Cement or cement/silicate processes 2S Pozzolanic processes 3S Asphaltic processes 4S Thermoplastic techniques 5S Organic polymer techniques	General oxidation (including disinfection) 6VT Chlorination 7VT Ozonation 8VT UV radiation 9VT Other general oxidation  Chemical precipitation 10VT Lime 11VT Sodium hydroxide 12VT Soda ash
11RF Utility boiler 12RF Process heater 13RF Other reuse as fuel unit  Puel Blending 1FB Fuel blending  Solidification 1S Cement or cement/silicate processes 2S Pozzolanic processes 3S Asphaltic processes 4S Thermoplastic techniques 5S Organic polymer techniques 6S Jacketing (macro-encapsulation)	General oxidation (including disinfection) 6VT Chlorination 7VT Ozonation 8VT UV radiation 9VT Other general oxidation  Chemical precipitation 10VT Lime 11VT Sodium hydroxide 12VT Soda ash 13VT Sulfide 14VT Other chemical precipitation
11RF Utility boiler 12RF Process heater 13RF Other reuse as fuel unit  Puel Blending 1FB Fuel blending  Solidification 1S Cement or cement/silicate processes 2S Pozzolanic processes 3S Asphaltic processes 4S Thermoplastic techniques 5S Organic polymer techniques	General oxidation (including disinfection) 6VT Chlorination 7VT Ozonation 8VT UV radiation 9VT Other general oxidation  Chemical precipitation 10VT Lime 11VT Sodium hydroxide 12VT Soda ash 13VT Sulfide 14VT Other chemical precipitation  Chromium reduction
11RF Utility boiler 12RF Process heater 13RF Other reuse as fuel unit  Puel Blending 1FB Fuel blending  Solidification 1S Cement or cement/silicate processes 2S Pozzolanic processes 3S Asphaltic processes 4S Thermoplastic techniques 5S Organic polymer techniques 6S Jacketing (macro-encapsulation)	General oxidation (including disinfection) 6VT Chlorination 7VT Ozonation 8VT UV radiation 9VT Other general oxidation  Chemical precipitation 10VT Lime 11VT Sodium hydroxide 12VT Soda ash 13VT Sulfide 14VT Other chemical precipitation

## EXHIBIT 8-2. (continued)

#### MANAGEMENT METHODS

17VT Ferrous sulfate
18VT Other chromium reduction

Complexed metals treatment (other than chemical precipitation by pH adjustment) 19VT Complexed metals treatment

Emulsion breaking 20VT Thermal 21VT Chemical 22VT Other emulsion breaking

Adsorption 23VT Carbon adsorption 24VT Ion exchange 25VT Resin adsorption 26VT Other adsorption

Stripping 27VT Air stripping 28VT Steam stripping 29VT Other stripping

Evaporation
30VT Thermal
31VT Solar
32VT Vapor recompression
33VT Other evaporation

Filtration
34VT Diatomaceous earth
35VT Sand
36VT Multimedia
37VT Other filtration

Sludge devatering
38VT Gravity thickening
39VT Vacuum filtration
40VT Pressure filtration (belt, plate
and frame, or leaf)
41VT Centrifuge
42VT Other sludge devatering

Air flotation
43VT Dissolved air flotation
44VT Partial aeration
45VT Air dispersion
46VT Other air flotation

Oil skimming 47VT Gravity separation 48VT Coalescing plate separation 49VT Other oil skimming

Other liquid phase separation 50VT Decanting 51VT Other liquid phase separation

Biological treatment
52VT Activated sludge
53VT Fixed film-trickling filter
54VT Fixed film-rotating contactor
55VT Lagoon or basin, aerated
56VT Lagoon, facultative
57VT Anaerobic

58VT Other biological treatment

Other vastevater treatment 59VT Vet air oxidation 60VT Neutralization 61VT Nitrification 62VT Denitrification

63VT Flocculation and/or coagulation

64VT Settling (clarification)

65VT Reverse osmosis

66VT Other wastewater treatment

#### OTHER VASTE TREATMENT

1TR Other treatment 2TR Other recovery for reuse

#### ACCUMULATION

1A Containers 2A Tanks

#### STORAGE

1ST Container (i.e., barrel, drum)
2ST Tank
3ST Waste pile
4ST Surface impoundment
5ST Other storage

#### DISPOSAL

1D Landfill

2D Land treatment

3D Surface impoundment (to be closed as a landfill)

4D Underground injection well

Chemical precipitation is a treatment operation whereby the pH of a waste is adjusted to the range necessary for removal (precipitation) of contaminants. However, if the pH is adjusted solely to achieve a neutral pH, THE OPERATION SHOULD BE CONSIDERED NEUTRALIZATION (60VT).

8.22 CBI	(by capacity)	onbustion chamber incinerators that lock or residual t	are used on-	site to burk	the residuals id	
( <u></u> )	your process o	Combustion Chamber Temperature (		Location of Temperature Monitor	Resid In Co	ence Time mbustion (seconds)
	Incinerator	Primary Secon	dary Prin	ery Second	ary Primary	Secondary
	1			$\rightarrow$ —	_ \_	
	2			\		
			<del>\</del>	_ \	$ \longrightarrow$	
	Indicate by circl	if Office of Soli	d Waste survice response.	vey has been s	ubmitted in lied	of response
	Yes				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	No					2
	280.1					
8.23 <u>CBI</u>	are used on-si	ollowing table for te to burn the res k flow diagram(s) NA	siduals iden	largest (by ca tified in your	pacity) incinera process block o	itors that or residual
[_]		NA	Air Polluti	วก		es of ons Data
	Incinerator	9	Control Devi			ilable
	1				-	
	2					
	3					
		if Office of Soling the appropria		vey has been s	submitted in lie	u of response
	Yes		• • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		1
	_	wing codes to des				
	E = Electros	(include type of atic precipitator pecify)		•		
[_]	Mark (X) this	box if you attach	a continuat	ion sheet.		

### PART A EMPLOYMENT AND POTENTIAL EXPOSURE PROFILE

0.01 CBI	Mark (X) the appropriate column to indicate whether your company maintains records on the following data elements for hourly and salaried workers. Specify for each data element the year in which you began maintaining records and the number of years the records for that data element are maintained. (Refer to the instructions for further explanation and an example.) ATHIS LOCATION REQUIREMENTS—  AKRON-(LORP HEADQUARTERS) KEEP RECORDS LOWGER						
''				Year in Which	Number of 🗙		
	Data Element	Hourly Workers	Salaried Workers	Data Collection Began	Years Records Are Maintained		
	Date of hire	<u>X_</u>	<u> </u>	1979	9		
	Age at hire	X_	X	1979	2		
	Work history of individual before employment at your facility	X_	_ χ	1979	2		
	Sex	<i>x</i> _	<u> </u>	1979			
	Race	X_	×	1983			
	Job titles	X	<u></u>	1979	<u> </u>		
	Start date for each job title		<u>X</u>	1979	2		
	End date for each job title	<u>×</u>	X	1979			
	Work area industrial hygiene monitoring data		<u> </u>	1986			
	Personal employee monitoring data	NA	NA	MA	NA		
	Employee medical history	<u> </u>	11	l i	ч		
	Employee smoking history	•		((	· · ·		
	Accident history	X	<u> </u>	1999			
	Retirement date	X_	<i>x</i>	1979	INDEF.		
	Termination date	<u>×</u>	×	1979	6		
	Vital status of retirees	NA	NA	<u>NA</u>	A\		
	Cause of death data	NA	NA	<u>MA</u>	NA		

<sup>[ ]</sup> Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.

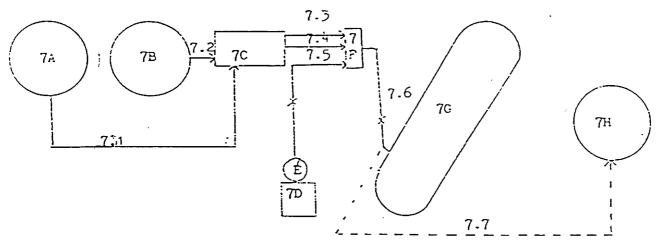
	in which you engage.	e instructions, complete	Ū		
]	a.	b.	c.	d.	e.
	Activity	Process Category	Yearly Quantity (kg)	Total Vorkers	Total Worker-Ho
	Manufacture of the listed substance	Enclosed		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	Tisted substance	Controlled Release			
		0pen			
	On-site use as	Enclosed	176.64		150
	reactant	Controlled Release			
		0pen			
	On-site use as	Enclosed			
	nonreactant	Controlled Release			
		0pen			
	On-site preparation of products	Enclosed			
		Controlled Release	***************************************		
		0pen			
					**************************************

encompas	a descriptive ses workers w ubstance.	job title for ho may potentia	each labor category at your facility that ally come in contact with or be exposed to the
- _1			
Labor Cat	egory		Descriptive Job Title
A		SERVICE	PERSONERL
В			
С			
D			·
E			
F			
G			
Н		-	
I			
J			
		• •	

9.04 In accordance with the instructions, provide your process block flow diagram(s) and indicate associated work areas.

CBI

Process type ..... <u>Batch - Polyurethane Polymerization</u>



7A = TDI Prepolymer

7B = Amine Solution

7C = Metering Pump

7D = Isopropyl Alcohol Cleaning Solution

7E = Cleaning Solution Pump

7F = Components Mixing Head

7G = Tire Being Filled Through Valve Stem

7H = Clean-out Solution Drum

Note: All above is considered one work area

0.05	additional areas not	work area(s) shown in question 9.04 that encompass workers who in contact with or be exposed to the listed substance. Add any shown in the process block flow diagram in question 7.01 or a question and complete it separately for each process type.				
1	Process type	Batch - Polyurethane Polymerization				
	Work Area ID .	Description of Work Areas and Worker Activities				
	1	Pumping TDI/Amine solutions to mixer, filling tires through value stem with polyurethane, and cleaning hosing with alcohol				
	2					
	3					
	4					
	5	•				
	6					
	7					
	8					
	9					
	10					
	10					
		•				
		•				
	• .					
•						

_ <u>]</u>	Process type	· · · · · · ·	Batch - Pol	yurethane Polymer:	ization	
_						
	Labor Category	Number of Workers Exposed	Mode of Exposu (e.g., dir skin conta	ect Listed	Length of Exposure	Number Days pe Year Expose
	4	l	NSE GLO	JES a	<u> </u>	152
					-	
		•	·			
			**************************************			
	***	<del></del>				_
						<del> </del>
					<del></del>	
	Use the following the point of	llowing codes of exposure:	to designate th	e physical state	of the listed s	ubstance
	-	(condensible a	t ambient	SY = Sludge o	r slurry	
	tempe	erature and pre	essure)	AL = Aqueous	liquid	
		(uncondensible erature and pre		OL = Organic IL = Immiscib		
		ides fumes, vaj			phases, e.g.,	
	SO = Solid	3		90% vate	r, 10% toluene)	
	<sup>2</sup> Use the fol	llowing codes	to designate av	verage length of	exposure per day	•
		ites or less			han 2 hours, but	not
		r than 15 minu ing 1 hour	tes, but not	exceeding F - Greater to	4 hours han 4 hours, but	not
		than one hou	r, but not	exceeding		. 1100
		ing 2 hours		F = Greater t		

9.07 CBI	Weighted Average (?	egory represented in question 9.06, IVA) exposure levels and the 15-min stion and complete it separately fo	ute peak exposure levels.
	Bracess tune	Batch - Polyurethane Polymer	ization
	Process type		
	Work area		1
	Labor Category	8-hour TWA Exposure Level (ppm, mg/m³, other-specify)	15-Minute Peak Exposure Level (ppm, mg/m³, other-specify)
	*	*	*
			<del></del>
	4-2-1		<u> </u>
	And the second s		·
			• we will state the state of th
			,
*			
No	tests have been cor	aducted	
	•		
	The state of the s	if you attach a continuation sheet	

.08	If you monitor worke	r exposur	e to the lis	sted substar	nce, compl	ete the Io	llowing table.
BI .	No mon	itor <b>wo</b> rk	er exposure	available			
1	Cara Ba (Trans	Work Area ID	Testing Frequency	Number of Samples	Who	Analyzed In-House (Y/N)	
	Sample/Test	Alea ID	(per year)	(per test)	Samples	(1/11)	Hamitamed
	Personal breathing zone						
	General work area (air)			electrical in the second control of the seco		<u> </u>	
	Vipe samples						
	Adhesive patches		And the state of t			-	
	Blood samples		***				
	Urine samples	والمالة والمراجعة وا					
	Respiratory samples		•				
	Allergy tests		<del> </del>				
	Other (specify)						
	Other (specify)						
	Other (specify)						
	Use the following  A = Plant industria  B = Insurance carr  C = OSHA consultan  D = Other (specify	al hygien ier t	ist	no takes the	e monitori	ng samples	<b>:</b>

Sample Type	Sa	Sampling and Analytical Methodology						
N	A							
If you conduct persona	al and/or ambient	ambient air monitoring for the listed substance						
specify the following	information for e	each equipment type	e used.	,				
Equipment Type <sup>1</sup>		Manufacturer	Averaging Time (hr)	Model Numbe				
<sup>1</sup> Use the following cod A = Passive dosimeter B = Detector tube C = Charcoal filtrati	es to designate p	personal air monito						
Use the following codes to designate ambient air monitoring equipment types:								
F = Stationary monito G = Stationary monito H = Mobile monitoring	ors located within ors located at pla c equipment (speci	n facility ant boundary ify)						
<sup>2</sup> Use the following cod A = ppm B = Fibers/cubic cent		detection limit un	its:					
	If you conduct personal specify the following  Equipment Type  Light the following code of the conduction of the conduct	If you conduct personal and/or ambient specify the following information for a Do not conduct  Equipment Type <sup>1</sup> Detection Limit <sup>2</sup> Detection Limit <sup>2</sup> A = Passive dosimeter B = Detector tube C = Charcoal filtration tube with pump D = Other (specify)  Use the following codes to designate at E = Stationary monitors located within F = Stationary monitors located within G = Stationary monitors located at plate H = Mobile monitoring equipment (specify)  H = Mobile monitoring equipment (specify)  Use the following codes to designate of the conduction	If you conduct personal and/or ambient air monitoring for specify the following information for each equipment type  Do not conduct  Equipment Type  Detection Limit  Manufacturer  Detection Limit  A = Passive dosimeter B = Detector tube C = Charcoal filtration tube with pump D = Other (specify)  Use the following codes to designate ambient air monitor E = Stationary monitors located within work area F = Stationary monitors located within facility G = Stationary monitors located at plant boundary H = Mobile monitoring equipment (specify) I = Other (specify)  Use the following codes to designate detection limit unit A = ppm	If you conduct personal and/or ambient air monitoring for the listed s specify the following information for each equipment type used.  Do not conduct  Equipment Type <sup>1</sup> Detection Limit <sup>2</sup> Manufacturer Time (hr)  1 Use the following codes to designate personal air monitoring equipment A = Passive dosimeter B = Detector tube C = Charcoal filtration tube with pump D = Other (specify)  Use the following codes to designate ambient air monitoring equipment E = Stationary monitors located within work area F = Stationary monitors located within facility C = Stationary monitors located at plant boundary H = Mobile monitoring equipment (specify)  2 Use the following codes to designate detection limit units: A = ppm				

]	Test Des	No cription	tests c	onducted	(weekly,	Frequ monthly	ency , yearly	, etc.)
				-				
				<u></u>				
					***************************************			
			,					
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			at .		N. C.
							•	
							•	,
				e.				
						-		
							`	
	٠							
			-					

Wo:	ocess type  rk area  gineering Controls  ntilation:  Local exhaust		Polyurethane Poly Year Installed	Upgraded (Y/N)	Year
Eng	gineering Controls ntilation:	Used	Year	Upgraded	Year
	ntilation:				Year
Vei				(17.17)	Upgrade
	Incal automos				
	Local exhaust				•
	General dilution				·
	Other (specify)				
Ve:	ssel emission controls				
	chanical loading or packaging equipment		·		
Oti	her (specify)				
•		<del> </del>	·		

3	Describe all equipment or process modifications you have mapping to the reporting year that have resulted in a reduct the listed substance. For each equipment or process modifithe percentage reduction in exposure that resulted. Photocomplete it separately for each process type and work area	ion of worker exposure t ication described, state copy this question and					
]	Process type Batch - Polyurethane Polymerization						
	Work area	1					
	Equipment or Process Modification	Reduction in Worker Exposure Per Year (%)					
		-					
	No Modifications						
		e.					
	•						

PART:	D PERSONAL PROTECTIV	VE AND SAFETY EQUIPMENT			
9.14 CBI	in each work area in	al protective and safety equing order to reduce or eliminately this question and complete	e their exposure	to the listed	
[_]	Process type	Batch - Polyurethane	Polymerization		
	Work area		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	11	
		Equipment Types Respirators Safety goggles/glasses Face shields Coveralls Bib aprons Chemical-resistant gloves Other (specify)	Wear or Use (Y/N)  Y  Y  N		·
					·

9.15	process trespirate tested, a	rs use respirators when type, the work areas whe ors used, the average usend the type and frequen it separately for each	re the respirat age, whether or cy of the fit t	ors are us not the r	ed, the type espirators we	of ere fit				
CBI										
[_]	Process type Batch - Polyurethane Polymerization									
	Work Area	Respirator Type	Average Usage	Fit Tested (Y/N)	Type of Fit Test <sup>2</sup>	Frequency of Fit Tests (per year)				
		AIR-	A	×	<u> </u>	3				
					-					
		This distribution is a second of the second				1				
	-									
	A = Dail B = Week C = Mont D = Once E = Othe  Use the	cly thly			st:					
	M1 2325	-1.:- \ : E			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
[J	mark (X)	this box if you attach	a continuation	sneet.						

CBI	Describe all of the work practices and administrative controls used to reduce or eliminate worker exposure to the listed substance (e.g., restrict entrance only to authorized workers, mark areas with warning signs, insure worker detection and monitoring practices, provide worker training programs, etc.). Photocopy this question and complete it separately for each process type and work area.							
	Process type	Batch - Polyure	ethane Polymer	rization				
	Work area	••••	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	1				
	Area is not restr	icted						
				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
		-			,			
20	Indicate (X) how often you perform each housekeeping task used to clean up routine leaks or spills of the listed substance. Photocopy this question and complete it separately for each process type and work area.  Process type Batch - Polyurethane Polymerization							
.20	separately for each proces	ted substance. s type and work	Photocopy thi area.		d complete it			
. 20	separately for each proces	ted substance. s type and work  Batch - Polyuret	Photocopy thi area.  hane Polymeri		d complete it			
.20	separately for each proces  Process type	ted substance. s type and work  Batch - Polyuret	Photocopy thi area.  hane Polymeria   1-2 Times	zation  1  3-4 Times	More Than 4			
.20	rocess type  Vork area	ted substance. s type and work  Batch - Polyuret  Less Than	Photocopy thi area.  hane Polymeria   1-2 Times	zation  1  3-4 Times	More Than 4			
.20	Process type  Work area  Housekeeping Tasks	ted substance. s type and work  Batch - Polyuret  Less Than	Photocopy thi area.  hane Polymeria   1-2 Times	zation  1  3-4 Times				
.20	Process type  Work area  Housekeeping Tasks  Sweeping	Less Than Once Per Day	Photocopy thi area.  hane Polymeri:  1-2 Times	zation  1  3-4 Times	More Than 4			
.20	Process type  Work area  Housekeeping Tasks  Sweeping  Vacuuming	Less Than Once Per Day	Photocopy thi area.  hane Polymeri:  1-2 Times	zation  1  3-4 Times	More Than 4			
.20	Process type  Work area  Housekeeping Tasks  Sweeping  Vacuuming  Vacuuming  Vater flushing of floors	Less Than Once Per Day	Photocopy thi area.  hane Polymeri:  1-2 Times	zation  1  3-4 Times	More Than 4			
.20	Process type  Work area  Housekeeping Tasks  Sweeping  Vacuuming  Vacuuming  Vater flushing of floors	Less Than Once Per Day	Photocopy thi area.  hane Polymeri:  1-2 Times	zation  1  3-4 Times	More Than 4			
20	Process type  Work area  Housekeeping Tasks  Sweeping  Vacuuming  Vacuuming  Vater flushing of floors	Less Than Once Per Day	Photocopy thi area.  hane Polymeri:  1-2 Times	zation  1  3-4 Times	More Than 4			
20	Process type  Work area  Housekeeping Tasks  Sweeping  Vacuuming  Vacuuming  Vater flushing of floors	Less Than Once Per Day	Photocopy thi area.  hane Polymeri:  1-2 Times	zation  1  3-4 Times	More Than 4			

9 21	Do you have a written medical action plan for responding to routine or emergency exposure to the listed substance:
\	Routine exposure
`	Yes
	Nb
	Emergency exposure
	Yes
	No
	If yes, where are copies of the plan maintained?
\	Routine exposure:
	Emergency exposure:
7	
9.22	Do you have a written leak and spill cleanup plan that addresses the listed substance? Circle the appropriate response.
	(es)
	No 2
	If yes, where are copies of the plan maintained? Office Book CASE
	Has this plan been coordinated with state or local government response organizations? Circle the appropriate response.
	Yes
	No ND
9.23	Who is responsible for monitoring worker safety at your facility? Circle the appropriate response.
	Plant safety specialist \
	Insurance carrier
	OSHA consultant
\	Other (spedify)
\	Went (V) ship has if you asked a consideration than
(i	Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.

## SECTION 10 ENVIRONMENTAL RELEASE

#### General Instructions:

Complete Part E (questions 10.23-10.35) for each non-routine release involving the listed substance that occurred during the reporting year. Report on all releases that are equal to or greater than the listed substance's reportable quantity value, RQ, unless the release is federally permitted as defined in 42 U.S.C. 9601, or is specifically excluded under the definition of release as defined in 40 CFR 302.3(22). Reportable quantities are codified in 40 CFR Part 302. If the listed substance is not a hazardous substance under the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980 (CERCLA) and, thus, does not have an RQ, then report releases that exceed 2,270 kg. If such a substance however, is designated as a CERCLA hazardous substance, then report those releases that are equal to or greater than the RQ. The facility may have answered these questions or similar questions under the Agency's Accidental Release Information Program and may already have this information readily available. Assign a number to each release and use this number throughout this part to identify the release. Releases over more than a 24-hour period are not single releases, i.e., the release of a chemical substance equal to or greater than an RQ must be reported as a separate release for each 24-hour period the release exceeds the RO.

For questions 10.25-10.35, answer the questions for each release identified in question 10.23. Photocopy these questions and complete them separately for each release.

PART A	GENERAL INFORMATION
10.01	Where is your facility located? Circle all appropriate responses.
CBI	
[_]	Industrial area
	Urban area 2
	Residential area
	Agricultural area 4
	Rural area 5
	Adjacent to a park or a recreational area
	Within 1 mile of a navigable waterway
	Within 1 mile of a school, university, hospital, or nursing home facility 8
	Within 1 mile of a non-navigable waterway
	Other (specify)

Latitude	releases of the sfor a definiti
UTM coordinates Zone, Northing	
O.03 If you monitor meteorological conditions in the vicinity of your the following information.  Average annual precipitation	r facility, production inches  meters  releases of the sfor a definition release to the start of
Average annual precipitation	meters releases of the s for a definiti  Release
Precominant wind direction  Indicate the depth to groundwater below your facility.  Depth to groundwater  Depth to groundwater	releases of the s for a definiti
Precogning  Predominant wind direction	releases of the s for a definiti
Depth to groundwater  0.05 For each on-site activity listed, indicate (Y/N/NA) all routine listed substance to the environment. (Refer to the instructions Y, N, and NA.)    On-Site Activity	releases of the s for a definiti Release r Lar
Depth to groundwater  Depth to groundwater	releases of the s for a definiti Release r Lar
Depth to groundwater  0.05 For each on-site activity listed, indicate (Y/N/NA) all routine listed substance to the environment. (Refer to the instructions Y, N, and NA.)    On-Site Activity	releases of the s for a definiti Release r Lar
O.05 For each on-site activity listed, indicate (Y/N/NA) all routine listed substance to the environment. (Refer to the instructions Y, N, and NA.)    On-Site Activity	releases of the s for a definiti Release r Lar
listed substance to the environment. (Refer to the instructions Y, N, and NA.)  Environmental Air Vater Manufacturing NA NA  Importing NA NA  Processing	s for a definiti Release r Lar
On-Site Activity  Manufacturing  Importing  NA  NA  NA  Processing	r Lar
Importing NA NA	NΔ
Processing	
Processing N N	NA
	N
Otherwise used NA NA	NA
Product or residual storageNN	N
DisposalN N	N
Transport N N	N

10.06 CBI	Provide the following information for the liste of precision for each item. (Refer to the inst an example.)		
[_]	Quantity discharged to the air	NA NA	kg/yr <u>+</u> %
	Quantity discharged in wastewaters	NA	kg/yr <u>+</u> %
	Quantity managed as other waste in on-site treatment, storage, or disposal units	NA .	kg/yr <u>+</u> %
	Quantity managed as other waste in off-site treatment, storage, or disposal units	NA	kg/yr <u>+</u> %
			· ;
		·	
		,	

.0.08 :BI	Describe the control technologies used to minimize release of the listed substance for each process stream containing the listed substance as identified in your process block or residual treatment block flow diagram(s). Photocopy this question and complete it separately for each process type.						
<b>-</b> }	Process type	Batch - Polyurethane Polymerization					
	Stream ID Code	NA - Essential a closed system  Control Technology	Percent Efficiency				
			•				
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
		e e	-				
	,						

substance in terms  residual treatment source. Do not inc	ions Identify each emission point source containing the listed of a Stream ID Code as identified in your process block or block flow diagram(s), and provide a description of each point clude raw material and product storage vents, or fugitive emissio ipment leaks). Photocopy this question and complete it separatelype.
Process type	Batch - Polyurethane Polymerization
Point Source ID Code	Description of Emission Point Source
	NA
	•
Salveleded Aurentication of the Control of the Cont	
<u> </u>	
	·

	Point Source ID Code	Physical State	Average Emissions (kg/dhy)	Frequency <sup>2</sup> (days/yr)	Duration <sup>3</sup> (min/day)	Average Emission Factor	Maximum Emission Rate (kg/min)	Maximum Emission Rate Frequency (events/yr)
•	······································			ATT				
•		***************************************		to the second second second				
-						Manufathanananananananananananananananananana		
	<del></del>							
-								
3	G = Gas Frequer Duratio	s; V = Vapo ncy of emison on of emiss	r; P = Particonsion at any le	ignate physica ulate; A = Aero evel of emission vel of emission vide estimated	osol; 0 = Othe on n	er (specify)	<u></u>	

Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.

<u>CBI</u>								
[_]	Point Source ID Code	Stack Height(m)	Stack Inner Diameter (at outlet) (m)	NA Exhaust Temperature (°C)	Emission Exit Velocity (m/sec)	Building <u>Height(m)</u> <sup>1</sup>	Building Vidth(m) <sup>2</sup>	Vent Type <sup>3</sup>
			**************************************	•		-		
			1,	· .		<del></del>		
								•
								,
	*****							
							<u> </u>	
			or adjacent or adjacent					
				signate vent	type:			
	H = Hori V = Vert	izontal						

0.12 <u>BI</u>	distribution for each Point Source	in particulate form, indicate the particle size ID Code identified in question 10.09. te it separately for each emission point source				
_]	NA Point source ID code					
	Size Range (microns)	Mass Fraction (% ± % precision)				
	< 1					
	≥ 1 to < 10					
	≥ 10 to < 30	,				
	≥ 30 to < 50					
	≥ 50 to < 100	,				
	≥ 100 to < 500					
	≥ 500					
	,	Total = 100%				
		· •				
	••					

10.13	Equipment Leaks Complete types listed which are expendenced according to the specified the component. Do this for residual treatment block finot exposed to the listed sprocess, give an overall process, give an overall process type.	weight percest each procest low diagram(stance. I	ent of the stype ic.  The contract of this is time now.	e listed and dentified of includes a batch	nd which a substance in your p e equipment or inter	are in se passing process b nt types mittently	rvice through lock or that are operated
CBI	for each process type.	111000	сору спт	s question	n and com	plete it :	separately
[_]	Process type Bat	cch - Polyure	thane Pol	lymerizati	ion		
	Percentage of time per year type	that the li	stad sub			to this p	rocess %
			of Compos of Listed	nents in : i Substan	Service by ce in Pro	y Weight : cess Stre	Percent.
	Equipment Type	Less than 5%	5-10%		26-75%		Greater
	Pump seals <sup>1</sup>		3 10%	11-25%	20-73%	76-99%	than 99%
	Packed	مسمون					
	Mechanical	2					
	Double mechanical <sup>2</sup>			<del></del>			
	Compressor seals <sup>1</sup>	6				<del></del>	
	Flanges	0	<del> </del>				
	Valves				-		
	Gas³						
	Liquid	4					
	Pressure relief devices (Gas or vapor only)		-		-		
	Sample connections						
	Gas						
	Liquid	0		*			
	Open-ended lines <sup>5</sup> (e.g., purge, vent)		•				
	Gas						
	Liquid					<del></del>	
	<sup>1</sup> List the number of pump an compressors	d compressor	seals, i	ather th	an the nu	mber of p	umps or
10.13	continued on next page						

10.13	(continued)						
	<sup>2</sup> If double mechanical seals are operated with the barrier (B) fluid at a pressure greater than the pump stuffing box pressure and/or equipped with a sensor (S) that will detect failure of the seal system, the barrier fluid system, or both, indicate with a "B" and/or an "S", respectively						
	<ul> <li>Conditions existing in the valve during normal operation</li> <li>Report all pressure relief devices in service, including those equipped with control devices</li> <li>Lines closed during normal operation that would be used during maintenance operations</li> </ul>						
10.14 <u>CBI</u>	Pressure Relief Devices with Controls Complete the following table for those pressure relief devices identified in 10.13 to indicate which pressure relief devices in service are controlled. If a pressure relief device is not controlled, enter "None" under column c.						
` <del></del> '	a. NA	b.	c.	<b>d.</b>			
	Number of Pressure Relief Devices	Percent Chemical in Vessel	Control Device	Estimated Control Efficiency <sup>2</sup>			
		<del></del>					
		· .					
			·				
	Refer to the table in question 10.13 and record the percent range given under the heading entitled "Number of Components in Service by Weight Percent of Listed Substance" (e.g., <5%, 5-10%, 11-25%, etc.)						
	The EPA assigns a control efficiency of 100 percent for equipment leaks controlled with rupture discs under normal operating conditions. The EPA assigns a control efficiency of 98 percent for emissions routed to a flare under normal operating conditions						
			choot				
ll	Mark (X) this box if you a	citach a continuation	sueet.				

CBI	type.	Batch - Polyurethane Polymerization				
[]	Process type	Leak Detection  Concentration (ppm or mg/m³)  Measured at		Frequency of Leak		Repairs Completed
	Equipment Type	Inches from Source	Detection Device		(days after detection)	
	Pump seals			:		
	Packed				-	
	Mechanical Double mechanical	VISUAL	VISUAL	EVERYUSE	SAME	Stine
	Compressor seals					
	Flanges					
	Valves		<del></del>			
	Gas					
	Liquid	į (			, a t	<i>11</i>
	Pressure relief devices (gas or vapor only)					
	Sample connections				-	
	Gas					
	Liquid					
	Open-ended lines					
	Gas					
	Liquid		<u> </u>			
	<sup>1</sup> Use the following c POVA = Portable org FPM = Fixed point m O = Other (specify)	anic vapor analyze	er	evice:		

	10.16 Raw Material, Intermediate and Product Storage Emissions Complete the following table by providi liquid raw material, intermediate, and product storage vessel containing the listed substance as ide or residual treatment block flow diagram(s).					
Mark (X) this box if you attach a co		Operat- Vessel Vessel Vessel Vessel Vessel Design Vent Control Basis Vessel Roof of Stored (liters Rate Duration Diameter Height Volume Emission Flow Diameter Efficiency for Type Seals' Materials' per year) (gpm) (min) (m) (m) (1) Controls Rate (cm) (%) Estima				
ontinuation sheet.		Use the following codes to designate vessel type:  F = Fixed roof CIF = Contact internal floating roof NCIF = Noncontact internal floating roof EFR = External floating roof P = Pressure vessel (indicate pressure rating) H = Horizontal U = Underground  June 1 - June 2 - Jun				

10.23	Indicate the	date and time	when the rel	ease occurred	and when the	release ceased or
	was stopped.	If there were	more than s	ix releases, a	ttach a conti	nuation sheet and
	list all rele					

Release	Date Started	Time (am/pm)	Date Stopped	Time (am/pm)
1	8			
2				
3				
4			<u></u>	
5				•
6				

10 24 Specify the weather conditions at the time of each release.

Release	Wind Speed (km/hr)	Wind Direction	Humidity(%)	Temperature (°C)	Precipitation (Y/N)
1					
2		<del>\</del>	\	<del></del>	<del></del>
4		$\overline{}$			
5			\		
6					
		_			\
			. \		